

What is claimed is:

1. A SOI-based MEMS device comprising:
a base layer;
5 a device layer;
an insulator layer between the base layer and the device layer; and
a deposited layer having a portion that is spaced from the device layer;
the device layer being between the insulator layer and the deposited layer.
- 10 2. The MEMS device as defined by claim 1 further including an anchor
extending from the deposited layer to contact the device layer.
3. The MEMS device as defined by claim 1 wherein the device layer includes
circuitry.
- 15 4. The MEMS device as defined by claim 4 wherein the deposited layer
includes a material having a deposition temperature, the circuitry being capable
of operating after being subjected to the deposition temperature.
- 20 5. The MEMS device as defined by claim 1 wherein the deposited layer
includes germanium.
6. The MEMS device as defined by claim 1 wherein an air space separates
the device layer from the deposited layer.
- 25 7. The MEMS device as defined by claim 6 wherein the device layer has a top
surface with given material formed thereon, the air space separating the given
material from the deposited layer.

8. A MEMS inertial sensor comprising:
a single crystal silicon layer having a top surface, the single crystal silicon layer also having sensing structure; and
5 a deposited additional layer adjacent to the top surface of the single crystal silicon layer, the deposited additional layer having a portion that is spaced from the top surface.
9. The MEMS inertial sensor as defined by claim 8 wherein the deposited
10 additional layer has a portion that is contacts the top surface.
10. The MEMS inertial sensor as defined by claim 8 wherein the single crystal silicon layer is a part of a silicon-on-insulator wafer, the sensor further including a base layer and an insulator layer separating the base layer and the single crystal
15 silicon layer.
11. The MEMS inertial sensor as defined by claim 8 wherein the single crystal silicon layer is a bulk silicon wafer.
- 20 12. The MEMS inertial sensor as defined by claim 8 wherein at least an air space separates the top surface from the deposited additional layer.
13. The MEMS inertial sensor as defined by claim 8 wherein the sensing structure includes a movable member spaced from the deposited additional layer
25 by an air space.

14. The MEMS inertial sensor as defined by claim 8 wherein the deposited additional layer forms an electrode capable of capacitively coupling with at least a portion of the single crystal silicon layer.

5 15. A method of forming an SOI-based MEMS device, the method comprising:

providing a SOI-based MEMS wafer having a top face;
depositing a sacrificial layer on the top face; and
depositing an additional MEMS layer on the sacrificial layer.

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16. The method as defined by claim 15 wherein the additional MEMS layer is comprised of a material having a deposition temperature that is less than about 450 C.

15 17. The method as defined by claim 15 further comprising removing at least a portion of the sacrificial layer.

18. The method as defined by claim 15 wherein the additional MEMS layer forms a cap for at least a portion of the top face of the SOI-based MEMS wafer.

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19. The method as defined by claim 15 further comprising applying surface micromachining processes to the additional MEMS layer.

20. A method of forming a MEMS inertial sensor, the method comprising:

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providing a single crystal wafer having a top face;
depositing a sacrificial layer on the top face; and
depositing an additional MEMS layer on the sacrificial layer.

21. The method as defined by claim 20 further comprising removing at least a portion of the sacrificial layer.

22. The method as defined by claim 20 further comprising applying surface
5 micromachining processes to the additional MEMS layer.